# Refer Hospice-Eligible Patients Sooner

Research consistently shows that hospice care results in improved patient and family satisfaction.<sup>1,2</sup> A study of 904,000 patients who died between July 2018 and June 2019 assessed the timing of hospice enrollment across care settings. The authors found<sup>3</sup>:

- Access: While hospice elevates care satisfaction, only 7% of eligible patients were referred to hospice for an optimal length of time. This presents a significant opportunity for many providers to positively impact patients' end-of-life care.
- **Healthcare utilization:** Patients who received hospice services for < 2 months were 5 times more likely to visit the ED during the last month of life than hospice patients who had longer lengths of stay.
- **Costs:** Patients who enrolled in hospice during the last 3-6 months of life consumed an average of \$23,600 less in healthcare costs than patients who received no hospice.

# Trust VITAS® Healthcare to deliver care to your patients that meets and exceeds the requirements of the Medicare hospice benefit.



### **Complex Modalities**

VITAS offers aggressive symptom management in any setting via traditional treatments along with parenteral interventions, high-flow  $O_2$ , inotropic therapy, and more. Medicare-covered supplies include BiPAP, CPAP, home ventilator, etc.



### **High-Acuity Care**

For patients with acute symptoms, VITAS offers higher levels of care to stabilize their condition.



### 24/7/365 Clinical Care Support

Caregivers have access to clinicians who can treat by phone or dispatch a clinician to the patient when necessary. VITAS offers telehealth for 24/7/365 admissions of hospice-eligible patients.



### **Open Formulary**

VITAS offers an open Rx formulary, including continuation of disease-directed medications such as beta blockers, ace inhibitors, diuretics, inhalers, cholinesterase inhibitors (i.e. donepezil), etc., with VITAS nurse supervision.



### **Advanced Illness Specialists**

Experienced clinicians assist with goals-of-care conversations, specialist consults, medication reconciliation, and more to enhance prognostication of patients with advanced illness.



### **Expanded Team**

The VITAS expanded care team includes respiratory therapy, dietary support, PT/OT/speech therapy, music, pet visits, and massage.

Studies show that most patients with advanced illness would benefit from being referred to hospice sooner for comprehensive care.<sup>2,3</sup> Don't delay hospice referrals.



- <sup>1</sup> Kumar, P., et al. (2017). Family perspectives on hospice care experiences of patients with cancer. *Journal of Clinical Oncology, 35(4), 432*.
- <sup>2</sup> Teno, J. et al. (2007). Timing of referral to hospice and quality of care: length of stay and bereaved family members' perceptions of the timing of hospice referral. *Journal of Pain and Symptom Management*, 34(2), 120-125.
- <sup>3</sup> Trella Health (2020). Quantifying Hospice's End-of-Life Impact. Available at: https://www.trellahealth.com/portfolio\_page/ quantifying-hospices-end-of-life-impact/

## **Hospice Support for Your Most Vulnerable Patients**

General Hospice Eligibility Guidelines	
Consider hospice if a patient meets 2 or more:	
☐ Dependent in 2-3 of 6 ADLs	☐ 10% weight loss in 6 months
☐ SOB or fatigue at rest/minimal exertion	☐ Recurrent falls with injury
☐ Multiple ED visits or hospitalizations	☐ Decreased tolerance in physical activity

## **Diagnosis-Specific Hospice Eligibility Guidelines**

## **Sepsis**

- ☐ Hospice-eligible but not previously identified
  - Cancer, solid tumor and hematologic
  - Advanced cardiac disease
  - Advanced lung disease
  - Dementia
  - Eligibility at hospital discharge
  - -OR-
- ☐ Pre-hospital functional ability
  - Physical impairment
    - 1 of 6 ADLs or 1 of 5 IADLs
  - Cognitive status
    - Any degree of dementia

### Alzheimer's Disease and Other Dementias

Consider hospice if patient meets both:

- ☐ Dependent in 3/6 ADLs
- ☐ One of these complications:
  - Pneumonia
  - Recurrent UTI
  - Sepsis
  - Weight loss 10%
  - Two Stage 3 or 4 pressure ulcers
  - Hip fracture
  - Swallowing difficulty
  - Feeding tube decision
  - Delirium



Refer a patient or get information: 800.93.VITAS or VITAS.com/Referrals

**■ Since 1980** 

## **Lung Disease**

Consider hospice if patient meets both:

- ☐ Dyspnea at rest and/or with minimal exertion while on oxygen therapy
- ☐ One of these disease progressions:
  - Frequent ED visits and/or hospitalizations
  - Cor pulmonale

### Cancer

Consider hospice if patient meets both:

- ☐ Spends 50% of time in bed or chair during waking hours
- ☐ No longer pursuing chemotherapy and/or immunotherapy

### **Heart Disease**

Consider hospice if patient meets all:

- ☐ NYHA Class III or IV (fatigue, angina, or dyspnea at rest and/or with minimal exertion)
- ☐ Multiple ED visits and hospitalizations
- ☐ Not a surgical candidate

#### **Liver Disease**

Consider hospice if patient meets both:

- □ INR > 1.5 and serum albumin  $\leq$  2.5 g/dL
- ☐ One of these complications:
  - Recurrent ascites
  - Spontaneous bacterial peritonitis (SBP)
  - Hepatic encephalopathy
  - Variceal bleed
  - Weight loss 10%
  - HRS